

- I. Pharmacokinetics
 1. absorption
 2. distribution
 3. metabolism
 4. elimination
 - II. Routes of administration
 - A. Administration by mouth
 1. oral
 - 1) enteric-coated
 - 2) extended-release (ER or XR)
 2. sublingual/buccal
 - B. Parenteral
 1. intravenous (IV)
 2. intramuscular (IM)
 3. Subcutaneous (SC, subQ, SQ, subcu)
 4. Intradermal
 - C. Other
 1. inhalation, topical, transdermal, rectal
 - III. Entry of Drugs Into Circulation
 - A. Source
 - B. Across plasma membrane
 1. passive diffusion
 2. facilitated diffusion
 3. active transport
 4. endocytosis
 - C. Bioavailability
 1. determination
 2. influencing factors
 - a. first-pass metabolism
 - b. solubility
 - c. chemical instability
 - d. nature of drug formulation
 - IV. From Circulation to Extracellular Fluid
 - A. Drug distribution
 - B. Factors affecting drug distribution
 - V. Drug clearance through metabolism
 1. clearance (CL)
 - A. Kinetics of metabolism
 - B. Reactions of drug metabolism
 1. Phase I rxns
 - a. p450 bkg
 - b. family 1, 2
 - 1) xenobiotics
 2. Phase II
- VI. Clearance by Kidney
 1. "ion trapping"
- VII. Clearance by other routes
 - A. dosage changes